

Living in the wider Community.

KS1 Cycle B- PHSE: Understanding groups and communities and where we belong

PHSE Golden Concepts

Respect

Safety

Communication

Health

Relationships

Key Vocabulary

Family	Parents and their children
Group	A number of people gathered together
Community	A group of people living in the same place or area
Immediate	Something that is done at once or straight away
Belong	A member of a group
Role	The part you play
Responsibility	Being the one who needs to deal with something
Respect	Understanding the feelings of others
Diversity	Including all people from different social and ethnic backgrounds
Wider	A great variety of people

What I will know by the end of the unit:

Different groups and communities I belong to.

Types of Groups

Family: Different family structures (e.g., nuclear, extended, single-parent).
School: Different groups at school (e.g., classes, sports teams, clubs).
Friends: Groups of friends and why they are important.
Local Groups: Examples like playgroups, scout troops, or hobby clubs

Types of Communities

Local Community: The immediate area where students live, including neighbours and local services.
School Community: The people who make up the school, including teachers, classmates, and staff.
Wider Community: The town, city, or region, including public services like firefighters, police, and healthcare workers.

Belonging to Groups and Communities

Feeling of Belonging: Why it's important to feel part of a group or community.
Roles and Responsibilities: Simple examples of roles in a family, school, or local community (e.g., helping at home, following school rules).

Diversity and Respect

Understanding Diversity: Recognizing that people in groups and communities can be different and that's okay.
Respecting Others: Simple ways to show respect for people who are different (e.g., listening, being kind).

What is a Community?

There are lots of different groups that people can belong to:

- You might follow a religion.
- Some people belong to more than one country.
- Some people can speak more than one language.
- You might go to a club like Beavers or Rainbows.
- Some people play for sports teams.
- You are all members of our classroom community!

Roles and Groups

So, what is a role?

A role is a job that someone in a group has agreed to do. Giving people roles helps to make sure that jobs get done properly.

A class monitor is a type of role. Maybe it's your job to be the pencil monitor or the register monitor!

Think about your class. Has your teacher given anyone a job to do?

Roles and Groups

Class (Sports team, Lessons, Club, Family, Beavers)

Roles (Pencil monitor, Register monitor, Rainbows, School, Faith (religion), Country)

Task 2 New Communities

We all have the responsibility to welcome new families into our community.

Let's imagine that we have a pupil joining our class.

What things might they find difficult at first?

What practical things can we do to help them to feel welcome?

Living in the wider community

KS1 Cycle B- PHSE: Special people- 999

PHSE Golden Concepts

Respect

Safety

Communication

Health

Relationships

Key Vocabulary

Special	Different to what is usual
Members	A person belonging to a particular group
Emergency	A serious or dangerous situation
Crime	An action that is against the law
Importance	Being of great value

What I will know by the end of the unit:
Who are special to me and how special people can help me.

Introduction to Special People
 Definition of Special People: Simple explanation of what special people are.
 Special People: Important individuals who help us and keep us safe.
 Importance of Special People: Why special people are important in our lives.

Types of Special People
 Family Members: Parents, siblings, grandparents, and other relatives.
 Teachers and School Staff: Teachers, teaching assistants, school nurses, and principals.
 Community Helpers: Different roles and their importance.
 Police Officers: Keeping us safe and helping in emergencies.
 Firefighters: Putting out fires and rescuing people.
 Paramedics: Providing medical help in emergencies.
 Doctors and Nurses: Taking care of our health.

Role of Emergency Services
 Police: Protecting people, solving crimes, and helping in emergencies.
 Fire Service: Fighting fires, rescuing people, and ensuring fire safety.
 Ambulance Service: Providing medical assistance and transporting people to hospitals.

Understanding 999 Emergency Services
 When to Call 999: Explaining situations when it's appropriate to call 999.
 Examples: Fire, serious accident, someone very hurt, crime in progress.
 How to Call 999: Steps to take when calling 999.
 Dial 999: Using a phone to call 999.
 Speak Clearly: Telling the operator what the emergency is.
 Provide Information: Giving your name, location, and what happened.

