

**What we already know:**

This is the foundational step for EYFS and KS1. Students may have prior knowledge from home or media but this is the foundational step that the following learning will be built upon.

## Green Class RE

### Term 1 Cycle A – Religious Festivals

**What's next (LKS2)?**

- To learn from religious festivals, and apply these values to our own lives.

#### RE Golden Concepts

Recognising symbols and their relation to religion

Understanding the fundamental features of religion

Knowledge of religious figures and stories

Interpreting how religion affects the lives of believers

Recognising similarities and differences between religions

#### Key Vocabulary

Hinduism	A religion from India. People who follow it are called <b>Hindus</b> .
Festival	A special time of celebration.
Diyas	Small clay oil lamps used during Diwali.
Rama and Sita	Hindu heroes whose story is remembered during Diwali.
Ravana	The demon king defeated by Rama.
Lakshmi	The Hindu goddess of wealth and good fortune.
Puja	A Hindu act of worship or prayer.
Good vs Evil	The main theme of Diwali – good winning over bad.

#### What I will know by the end of the unit:

<b>What is Diwali?</b>	Diwali is a Hindu festival of lights. It celebrates the victory of light over darkness and good over evil.
<b>What religion does Diwali belong to?</b>	Diwali is mainly celebrated by Hindus, but Sikhs, Jains, and some Buddhists also celebrate it.
<b>When is Diwali celebrated?</b>	Diwali usually takes place in October or November. The exact date changes each year.
<b>How is Diwali celebrated in India?</b>	People decorate their homes with lights and diyas (oil lamps), clean and paint their houses, wear new clothes, exchange gifts, and watch fireworks.
<b>How is Diwali celebrated in the UK?</b>	Many towns and cities have Diwali events with music, food, lights, and fireworks. Families decorate their homes and visit temples.
<b>What is the story of Diwali?</b>	Diwali celebrates the story of Rama and Sita. After defeating the evil king Ravana, Rama and Sita return home. People light lamps to guide them back and to celebrate their victory.
<b>Name other Hindu Festivals</b>	Holi (Festival of Colours), Navratri, Raksha Bandhan, Janmashtami.

